## MATH 521A: Abstract Algebra

Homework 3: Due Sep. 14

- 1. Write the  $\oplus$ -addition and  $\odot$ -multiplication tables of  $\mathbb{Z}_{10}$ .
- 2. For  $\mathbb{Z}_{10}$ , find the neutral additive element<sup>1</sup>, the neutral multiplicative element<sup>2</sup>, and all zero divisors<sup>3</sup>.
- 3. Find the units of  $\mathbb{Z}_{10}$ ; for each unit specify its inverse.
- 4. The *additive order* of an element in  $\mathbb{Z}_{10}$  is the number of times one must  $\oplus$ -add it to itself to get [0]. Determine the additive order of each element of  $\mathbb{Z}_{10}$ .

We define  $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_5 = \{(a, b) : a \in \mathbb{Z}_2, b \in \mathbb{Z}_5\}$ , the set of ordered pairs of elements, one each from  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  and  $\mathbb{Z}_5$ . We define operations in the natural way, i.e. componentwise:  $(a, b) \oplus (a', b') = (a \oplus_2 a', b \oplus_5 b')$  and  $(a, b) \odot (a', b') = (a \odot_2 a', b \odot_5 b')$ .

- 5. Write the  $\oplus$ -addition and  $\odot$ -multiplication tables of  $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_5$ .
- 6. For  $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_5$ , find the neutral additive element, the neutral multiplicative element, and all zero divisors.
- 7. Find the units of  $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_5$ ; for each unit specify its inverse.
- 8. Determine the additive order of each element of  $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_5$ .
- 9. Compare the two rings  $\mathbb{Z}_{10}$  and  $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_5$  as best you can (we will learn tools to do this better, later in the course).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This is an element x, such that  $x \oplus y = y \oplus x = y$  for all y.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This is an element x, such that  $x \odot y = y \odot x = y$  for all y.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>This is a nonzero element x, such that there is some nonzero y with  $x \odot y = 0$